PATIENT PACKAGE INSERT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PHARMACISTS' REGULATIONS (PREPARATIONS) - 1986

The medicine is dispensed with a doctor's prescription only

Calquence®

Capsules

Composition:

Each capsule contains: Acalabrutinib 100 mg

For inactive and allergenic ingredients, please refer to section 2 "Important information about some of the ingredients in this medicine" and section 6 - "Further Information".

Read this leaflet carefully in its entirety before using the medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have further questions, refer to the doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems to you that their medical condition is similar.

1. WHAT IS THIS MEDICINE INTENDED FOR?

Calquence is indicated for the treatment of:

- adult patients with MCL (mantle cell lymphoma) who have received at least one prior therapy.
- adult patients with Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) or Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma (SLL).

Therapeutic group

BTK (Bruton tyrosine kinase) inhibitors.

2. BEFORE USING THE MEDICINE

X Do not use this medicine if:

• You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient or to any of the other ingredients contained in the medicine (please refer to section 6 - "Further Information").

Special warnings regarding the use of Calquence:

Before treatment with Calquence tell your doctor, pharmacist or nurse if you:

- recently had surgery or plan to have surgery. Your doctor may stop treatment with Calquence for any planned surgical, medical, or dental procedure.
- have bleeding problems.
- have or had heart rhythm problems.
- have an infection or are at risk group for developing infections.
- have or had liver problems, including hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection.
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed.

Children and adolescents

There is no data regarding safety and efficacy of use of this medicine in children and adolescents.

Tests and follow up

In order to monitor your blood count, your doctor will refer you to do blood count test regularly during treatment with Calquence.

If you are on childbearing age, your doctor may do a pregnancy test before you start treatment with the medicine.

Drug interactions

If you are taking, or if you recently taken, or about to take, other medicines including non-prescription medicines and nutritional supplements, tell the doctor or pharmacist. Taking Calquence with certain other medications may affect how Calquence works and may cause side effects. Especially tell your doctor if you are taking a blood thinner medicine, antacids and acid reducers from the H₂ receptor blocker group. Medicines for reducing Stomach acid:

o antacids - such as calcium carbonate

Take Calquence 2 hours before or 2 hours after you take these medicines

o histamine-2 receptor blockers - such as ranitidine and famotidine

Take Calquence 2 hours before you take these medicines

o proton pump inhibitors - such as omeprazole

Avoid taking these medicines while you are taking Calquence

Use of the medicine and food

This medicine can be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility:

Pregnancy

If you are pregnant, think you may be pregnant or planning to get pregnant, inform your doctor before taking this medicine. Calquence may hurt your fetus and problems during childbirth (dystocia). The doctor may ask you to do a pregnancy test before you start treatment with Calquence. If you are on childbearing age, you should use effective birth control (contraception) during treatment with Calquence and for at least 1 week after your final dose.

Breast-feeding

It is not known if Calquence passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment with Calquence and for at least 2 weeks after your final dose.

Driving and using machines

Calquence has no or negligible effect on your ability to drive or use machines. However, if you feel dizziness, weakness or tiredness during treatment with Calquence, extra caution should be exercised when driving or using machines or tools.

Important information about some of the ingredients in this medicine

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per dose, i.e., it is essentially 'sodium-free'.

3. HOW SHOULD YOU USE THE MEDICINE?

Always use according to the doctor's instructions. Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are uncertain about the dosage and treatment regimen in this medicine.

- The dosage and treatment regimen will be determined by the doctor only.
- The usual dosage is generally: one Calquence capsule twice daily (about 12 hours apart).
- Do not change your dose or stop taking the medicine unless your doctor tells you to.
- Your doctor may instruct you to decrease your dose temporarily or completely stop taking the medicine if you develop certain side effects.
- Do not exceed the recommended dose.

How to take Calquence

- Can be taken with or without food.
- Swallow the capsule whole with a glass of water. Do not open and spread the capsule content. Do not break or chew the capsules.
- If you need to take antacid medicines, take it either 2 hours before or 2 hours after you take Calquence.
- If you need to take certain medicines called acid reducers (H₂ receptor blockers), take Calquence 2 hours before the acid reducer medicine.

If you accidently taken a higher dose, or if a child has accidentally swallowed the medicine, immediately contact a doctor or go to a hospital emergency room, and bring the package of the medicine with you.

If you have forgotten to take the medicine:

If you have forgotten to take the medicine at its scheduled time, take it as soon as you remembered. If it is more than 3 hours past your usual dosing time, skip the missed dose and take your next dose at your regularly scheduled time and consult the doctor. Do not take a double dose to make up for the forgotten dose.

Adhere to the treatment regimen as recommended by your doctor.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and the dose every time you take a medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

If you have any further questions regarding the use of the medicine, consult the doctor or the pharmacist.

4. SIDE EFFECTS

As with any medicine, use of Calquence may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed by reading the list of side effects. You may not suffer from any of them.

In addition to the desired effect of the medicine, some side effects may occur while using it, such as:

Effects that require special attention:

Refer to the doctor or hospital emergency room immediately if you experience any of the following serious side effects:

- Serious infections can happen during treatment with Calquence and may lead to death. Your doctor may prescribe certain medicines if you have an increased risk of getting infections. Tell your doctor immediately if you have any signs or symptoms of an infection, including fever, chills, or flu-like symptoms.
- Bleeding problems can happen during treatment with Calquence. Bleeding problems can be serious and may lead to death. Your risk of bleeding may increase if you are also taking a blood thinner medicine. Inform your doctor if you have any signs or symptoms of bleeding, including:
 - o blood in your stools or black stools (looks like tar)
 - o pink or brown urine
 - o unexpected bleeding, severe bleeding or bleeding you cannot control
 - o vomit blood or vomit that looks like coffee grounds
 - cough up blood or blood clots
 - o dizziness
 - \circ weakness
 - o confusion
 - changes in your speech
 - o headache that lasts a long time
 - o bruising or red or purple skin marks
- Decrease in blood cell counts (decreased number of white blood cells, platelets, and red blood cells). Decrease in blood cell counts are common

during treatment with Calquence, but can be severe. Your doctor should do blood tests to check your blood counts regularly during treatment with Calquence.

- Second primary cancers. New cancers have happened in patients during treatment with Calquence, including cancers of the skin or other organs. Your doctor will check you for skin cancers during treatment with Calquence. Use sunscreen when you are exposed to the sunlight.
- Heart rhythm problems (atrial fibrillation and atrial flutter) have happened to patients treated with Calquence. Tell your doctor if you have any of the following signs or symptoms:
 - your heartbeat is fast or irregular
 - feeling dizzy or dizziness
 - feeling faint
 - o shortness of breath
 - chest discomfort

Very common side effects, may affect more than 1 in 10 patients:

- Decrease in blood cell counts (platelets, white blood cells and red blood cells)
- headache
- diarrhea
- upper respiratory tract infection
- muscle and joint pain
- bruising

Common side effects, may affect 1-10 in 100 patients:

- Nausea
- Abdominal pain
- Constipation
- Vomiting
- Rash
- Bleeding
- Nose bleeding

These are not all of the possible side effects of Calquence.

If a side effect occurs, if any of the side effects worsens or if you suffer from a side effect not mentioned in this leaflet, consult with the doctor.

Reporting side effects

Side effects can be reported to the Ministry of Health by clicking on the link "Report Side Effects of Drug Treatment" found on the Ministry of Health homepage (www.health.gov.il) that directs you to the online form for reporting side effects, or by entering the link:

https://sideeffects.health.gov.il

5. HOW SHOULD CALQUENCE BE STORED?

 Avoid poisoning! This medicine, and any other medicine, must be kept in a safe place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants in order to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by the doctor!

Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) appearing on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. In any case of doubt, contact the pharmacist who dispensed the medicine to you. Do not store different medicines in the same pack.

• Do not store above 30°C.

6. FURTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the active ingredients, Calquence also contains:

Silicified microcrystalline cellulose, partially pregelatinized starch, sodium starch glycolate Type A, magnesium stearate.

Capsule shell contains: gelatin, titanium dioxide, Iron oxide, yellow, Indigotine – FD&C Blue 2, Shellac glaze, Iron oxide black, Propylene glycol, Ammonium hydroxide 28%.

What does the medicine look like and what are the contents of the package

The pack contains 56 or 60 capsules in blister pack. The capsule has blue cap and yellow body, marked in black ink with 'ACA 100mg'.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Registration number of the medicine in the National Drug Registry of the Ministry of Health: 163-15-35692-00

Manufacturer: AstraZeneca AB, Södertälje, Sweden.

License holder and Importer: AstraZeneca (Israel) Ltd., 1 Atirei Yeda St., Kfar Saba 4464301.

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