

Rokacet® Plus

Caplets

Active ingredients

Each caplet contains:

paracetamol	500 mg
caffeine	50 mg
codeine phosphate	15 mg

Inactive ingredients and allergens in this medicine: See section 2 "Important information about some of this medicine's ingredients" and section 6 "Additional information".

Read the entire leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about this medicine. If you have any further questions, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed to treat your illness. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems to you that their illness is similar to yours.

Taking this medicine with medicines of the benzodiazepine family, medicines suppressing the central nervous system (including drugs) or alcohol may cause a sensation of deep somnolence, difficulties breathing (respiratory depression), coma and death.

Medicines of the opiate family may cause addiction, mainly upon prolonged use, and have a potential of misuse and overdose. The reaction to overdose can be manifested by slow breathing and may even cause death.

Make sure that you know the name of the medicine, the dose you take, administration frequency, treatment duration, side effects and potential risks.

Additional information about the risk of dependence and addiction is available in the following link:

https://www.health.gov.il/UnitsOffice/HD/MTI/Drugs/risk/DocLib/opioids_en.pdf

1. What is this medicine intended for?

The medicine is intended for relief of pain and cough and for reduction of fever accompanied by pain.

Therapeutic group:

Paracetamol: analgesic, antipyretic.

Codeine: analgesic of the opiates group.
Caffeine: xanthine derivative, assists in pain relief.

2. Before using this medicine

Do not use this medicine:

- If you are sensitive (allergic) to paracetamol, caffeine, codeine, other opioid analgesics or to any of the other ingredients in this medicine (see section 6).
- If you are taking other medicines containing paracetamol or codeine.
- In children below the age of 12.
- In adolescents above the age of 12 and below the age of 18 after surgery for removal of tonsils or adenoids due to obstructive sleep apnea.
- If you know that your body metabolizes codeine into morphine very rapidly.
- If you are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- If you have respiratory depression or chronic constipation.

Special warnings about using this medicine

Before treatment with Rokacet Plus, tell your doctor if:

- You have liver or kidney disease, including alcoholic liver disease.
- You have bowel problems, including bowel obstruction.
- You have undergone gallbladder removal surgery.
- You have hypotension or hypothyroidism.
- You have experienced a recent head injury or raised intracranial pressure.
- You have asthma and have been told by your doctor that you are sensitive to aspirin.
- You have Gilbert's Syndrome (familial non-hemolytic jaundice).
- You are taking other medicines that can affect liver function.
- You have glucose-6-phosphatase dehydrogenase deficiency.
- You have hemolytic anemia.
- You have glutathione deficiency.
- You are dehydrated.
- You have a poor diet such that the diet causes health problems.
- You weigh less than 50 kg.
- You are elderly.
- You have a condition called myasthenia gravis which weakens the muscles.

These conditions may reduce your dose or increase the time interval between doses of your medicine.

- During treatment with Rokacet Plus, tell your doctor straight away if you have a severe illness, including severe renal impairment or sepsis (when bacteria and their toxins circulate in the blood leading to organ damage), or you suffer from malnutrition, chronic alcoholism or if you are also taking flucloxacillin (an antibiotic). A serious condition called metabolic acidosis (a blood and fluid abnormality) has been reported in patients in these situations when they have taken paracetamol at a regular dose and for a prolonged period or when paracetamol is taken together with flucloxacillin. Symptoms of metabolic acidosis may include serious breathing difficulties with deep rapid breathing, drowsiness, feeling sick and being sick.
- You are or have ever been addicted to opioids, alcohol, prescription medicines or dangerous drugs (illegal substances).
- You have previously suffered from withdrawal symptoms such as agitation, anxiety, shaking or sweating, when you have stopped drinking alcohol or taking drugs/illegal substances.
- You feel you need to take more Rokacet Plus tablets to get the same level of pain relief; this may mean you are becoming tolerant to the effects of this medicine or are becoming addicted to it.

Additional warnings:

- If you have previously developed cutaneous side effects due to taking products containing paracetamol, do not take products containing paracetamol to avoid recurrent severe cutaneous effects.
- This medicine contains codeine. Codeine is transformed into morphine in the liver by an enzyme. Morphine has an analgesic effect. Some people have a variation of this enzyme, and this can affect people in different ways. In some people, morphine is not produced or is produced in very small quantities, and the pain relief effect will be insufficient. Other people are more likely to experience serious side effects due to production of a very high amount of morphine. If you experience any of the following side effects, **you must stop taking this medicine and seek immediate medical assistance**: slow or shallow breathing, confusion, sleepiness, small pupils, nausea or vomiting, constipation, lack of appetite.
- Codeine can cause addiction if you take it continuously for more than 3 days. This can cause symptoms of withdrawal from the medicine when you stop taking it.
- Taking higher doses or more frequent doses of opioids, such as codeine (the active ingredient in this medicine) may increase the risk of addiction. Overuse and misuse may result in overdose and/or death.
- Rarely, increasing the dose of this medicine can make you more sensitive to pain. If this happens, you need to speak to your doctor or pharmacist about your treatment. See section 3 'How to use this medicine' for information on correct dosages and time intervals between doses.
- **Do not take this medicine continuously for longer than 3 days.**
- Taking an analgesic, including this medicine, for headaches for more than 3 days continuously can exacerbate the pain.
- Do not take the medicine longer than needed.

Withdrawal syndrome

This medicine **contains codeine** and can cause addiction if you take it continuously for **more than 3 days**. If you become addicted, when you stop taking it you may get withdrawal

symptoms. Withdrawal symptoms can include restlessness, difficulty sleeping, irritability, agitation, anxiety, feeling your heartbeat (palpitations), increased blood pressure, nausea, diarrhea, loss of appetite, shaking or sweating. You should talk to your doctor if you think you are suffering from withdrawal symptoms.

Children and adolescents

Do not use in children below the age of 12.

Use in adolescents (aged 12-18) **after surgery:**

Codeine should not be used for pain relief in adolescents after surgery for removal of tonsils or adenoids due to obstructive sleep apnea.

Use in adolescents (aged 12-18) **with breathing problems:**

Codeine is not recommended for adolescents with breathing problems, since the symptoms of morphine toxicity may be more severe in these adolescents.

Drug interactions

If you are taking or have recently taken other medicines, including non-prescription medications and dietary supplements, tell your doctor or pharmacist. Particularly if you are taking:

- domperidone or metoclopramide (for nausea and vomiting).
- cholestyramine (to reduce blood cholesterol levels).
- phenothiazines (antipsychotics and antiemetics).
- antidepressants of the MAO inhibitors (monoamine oxidase inhibitors) family within the last 2 weeks.
- medicines causing drowsiness (such as sedatives, antidepressants or alcohol) or causing sedation (such as benzodiazepines and similar medicines).
- if you take blood thinning drugs (anticoagulants such as warfarin) and you need to take a pain reliever on a daily basis, talk to your doctor because of the risk of bleeding. But you can still take Rokacet Plus occasionally together with anticoagulants.
- medicines to treat gout and hyperuricemia (increased levels of uric acid in the blood) (such as probenecid).
- flucloxacillin (antibiotic), due to a serious risk of blood and fluid abnormality (high anion gap metabolic acidosis) that must have urgent treatment (please see section 2 under 'Special warnings about using this medicine').
- pregabalin and gabapentin as there is an increased risk of respiratory depression.
- do not take other medicines containing paracetamol, caffeine or codeine.

Using this medicine and food

The medicine can be taken with or without food.

Avoid consuming too much caffeine in drinks like coffee and tea when taking this medicine. High caffeine intake may cause sleeping problems, shaking and a sensation of discomfort in the chest.

Using this medicine and alcohol consumption

Using the medicine along with alcohol consumption may increase the hypnotic effect of the medicine.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Pregnancy

Talk to your doctor before taking Rokacet Plus if you are pregnant.

Do not take Rokacet Plus if you are pregnant or think you might be pregnant, unless you have discussed this with your doctor and the benefits of treatment are considered to outweigh the risk to the baby.

If you take Rokacet Plus during pregnancy, your baby may become dependent and experience withdrawal symptoms after birth, which may need to be treated.

Breastfeeding

Do not take Rokacet Plus if you are breastfeeding. Codeine and morphine pass into breast milk and will affect the baby.

Driving and using machines

Using this medicine may affect your ability to drive, as the medicine may cause sleepiness or dizziness. Do not drive while taking this medicine until you know how it affects you. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure whether you can drive while using this medicine.

Important information about some of this medicine's ingredients

Rokacet Plus contains less than 1 mmol (23 mg) sodium per caplet, therefore it is considered essentially "sodium free".

Rokacet Plus contains lactose. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to certain sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

3. How to use this medicine?

Always use this medicine according to your doctor's instructions. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about your dose or about how to take this medicine. Only your doctor will determine your dose and how you should take this medicine.

The recommended dosage is usually:

Adults:

2 caplets every 4-6 hours as needed.

Take at intervals of at least 4 hours between the doses.

Do not exceed the dose of 8 caplets in 24 hours.

Adolescents aged 16-18:

1-2 caplets every 6 hours as needed.

Take at intervals of at least 6 hours between the doses.

Do not exceed the dose of 8 caplets in 24 hours.

Adolescents aged 12-15:

1 caplet every 6 hours as needed.

Take at intervals of at least 6 hours between the doses.

Do not exceed the dose of 4 caplets in 24 hours.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

Do not chew, split or crush! Swallow the caplet whole, with a glass of water.

Do not hold the medicine in the mouth beyond the time required to swallow it.

Do not give this medicine to babies and children below the age of 12 due to the risk of severe breathing problems.

Do not use this medicine frequently or for a long period of time (more than 3 days) without consulting a doctor.

If you have taken an overdose, or if a child has accidentally swallowed some medicine, immediately see a doctor or go to a hospital emergency room and bring the medicine package with you.

You should do this even if you feel well, because too much paracetamol may cause delayed serious liver damage.

If the symptoms continue or the headache becomes persistent, contact your doctor.

If you forget to take the medicine, do not take a double dose. Take the next dose at the usual time and consult your doctor.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and dose every time you take medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

If you have any further questions about using this medicine, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Side effects

Like with all medicines, using Rokacet Plus may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed by this list of side effects. You may not experience any of them.

Stop using this medicine and contact your doctor immediately if you experience:

- Severe abdominal pain, dry mouth, nausea and vomiting if you have recently undergone gallbladder removal surgery.
- Nervousness, dizziness, irritability, drowsiness or restlessness.
- Allergic reactions which may be severe, such as skin rash and itching, sometimes with swelling of the mouth or face or shortness of breath.
- Skin rash, peeling or mouth ulcers; itching or sweating.
- Breathing problems, especially if you have experienced them previously while using other analgesics, such as ibuprofen and aspirin.
- Unexplained bruising or bleeding.
- Nausea, upset stomach, sudden weight loss, loss of appetite and yellowing of the eyes and skin.
- Cloudy urine or difficulty urinating.
- Paracetamol may rarely cause occurrence of acute skin diseases, the signs of which can be redness, rash, blisters, extensive skin injury. Acute cutaneous side effects may

appear even if you have previously taken products containing the active ingredient paracetamol with no problem. If cutaneous side effects occur, stop the treatment and contact your doctor immediately.

Additional side effects

- Constipation.

Side effects of unknown frequency (the frequency of these effects has not been established yet)

- A serious condition that can make blood more acidic (called metabolic acidosis), in patients with severe illness using paracetamol (please see section 2 under 'Special warnings about using this medicine').

Warning signs of addiction

If you take the medicine according to the instructions in the leaflet, it is unlikely that you will become addicted to the medicine. However, if you notice any of the following signs, it is important that you contact your doctor:

- You feel a need to take the medicine for longer periods of time.
- You feel a need to take doses higher than the recommended doses of the medicine.
- You are using the medicine for reasons other than those for which it was prescribed.
- When you stop taking the medicine, you feel very unwell, but you feel better if you start taking the medicine again.

If you experience any side effect, if any side effect gets worse, or if you experience a side effect not mentioned in this leaflet, consult your doctor.

Reporting side effects

You can report side effects to the Ministry of Health by following the link 'Reporting Side Effects of Drug Treatment' on the Ministry of Health home page (www.health.gov.il) which links to an online form for reporting side effects. You can also use this link:

<https://sideeffects.health.gov.il>

5. How to store the medicine?

- Prevent poisoning! To prevent poisoning, keep this, and all other medicines, in a closed place, out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by a doctor.
- Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) which is stated on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- **Storage conditions:** Store below 25°C.

6. Additional information

- **In addition to the active ingredients, this medicine also contains:**
Opadry OY-L-28990 (lactose, hypromellose, titanium dioxide, polyethylene glycol), stearic acid, sodium starch glycolate, Spectracol FD&C yellow #6 lake.
- **What the medicine looks like and contents of the pack:**
Light orange, oblong, biconvex film-coated caplets imprinted with "TARO" on one side of the caplet. The caplets are packed in blisters, in cartons of 2, 10, 12, and 24 caplets, or in a bottle of 24 caplets.

Not all pack sizes/types may be marketed.

- **Manufacturer's and Registration Holder's name and address:**
Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.,
14 Hakitor Street, Haifa Bay 2624761, Israel.

Revised in May 2025.

Registration number of the medicine in the National Drug Registry of the Ministry of Health:
040-48-25715-00